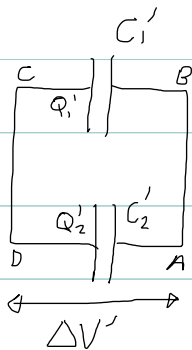
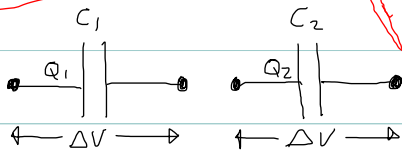


(B) FINAL CONFIGURATION



TWO CAPACITORS OF CAPACITANCE  $C_1$  AND  $C_2$  ARE CHARGED BY A POTENTIAL DIFFERENCE OF VOLTAGE  $\Delta V$  AND HENCE ACQUIRE CHARGE OF  $Q_1$  AND  $Q_2$ . THE BATTERY THAT CHARGED THE CAPACITORS IS THEN REMOVED. THE CAPACITORS ARE THEN CONNECTED TO EACH OTHER AS IN DIAGRAM (B). WHAT IS THE VOLTAGE BETWEEN POINTS B AND C IN DIAGRAM (B)?



(A) CHARGING CONFIGURATION

HENCE, WHAT IS THE NEW CHARGE ON EACH CAPACITOR  $Q_1'$  AND  $Q_2'$ ?

(1) VOLTAGE BETWEEN POINTS A AND B... (a) IF, IN DIAGRAM (A), THE CAPACITORS WERE CHARGED WITH THE SAME POTENTIAL DIFFERENCE, AND  $C_1 \neq C_2$ , ARE THE CAPACITORS IN SERIES OR PARALLEL IN SITUATION (B)? (b) IF THESE CAPACITORS ARE IN SERIES (OR PARALLEL) HOW DOES THE TOTAL CHARGE  $Q_{TOT}$  RELATE TO  $Q_1'$  AND  $Q_2'$ ? (c) IF THESE CAPACITORS ARE IN SERIES (OR PARALLEL) HOW DOES  $\Delta V'$  RELATE TO  $\Delta V_1'$  AND  $\Delta V_2'$ ? (d) HOW DO  $C_1'$  AND  $C_2'$  RELATE TO  $C_1$  AND  $C_2$ ? DID WE CHANGE THE PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE CAPACITORS? (e) USING THE RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN  $\Delta V' = \frac{Q_{TOT}}{C_{EQ}}$  YOU HAVE DEVELOPED, DERIVE AN EXPRESSION FOR  $V_B - V_C = \Delta V'$  IN TERMS OF  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ ,  $Q_1$  AND  $Q_2$

(2) CHARGE ON EACH CAPACITOR,  $Q_1'$  AND  $Q_2'$

(a) HOW DOES  $Q_1'$  DEPEND ON  $C_1'$  AND  $\Delta V'$ ? (b) GIVEN THAT  $V_B - V_C = \Delta V'$ , WHAT IS AN EXPRESSION FOR  $V_A - V_D$ ? (c) HOW DOES  $Q_2'$  DEPEND ON  $C_2'$  AND  $\Delta V'$ ?