

Homework 5 - Object Classification

In my `week10` directory in SVN is a file `qsos-ra180-dec30-rad3.fits` that contains the coordinates of 316 confirmed quasars. An astronomer is conducting a large spectroscopic survey of the sky. The purpose of obtaining the “test” information in `qsos-ra180-dec30-rad3.fits` was to better determine which objects in a further, larger spectroscopic sky survey should be targeted as quasars. The survey will be limited to a g -band magnitude of 20 ($g < 20$).

Using my file `qsos-ra180-dec30-rad3.fits` determine color cuts and flag cuts that can be used to target quasars. You are allowed to use GALEX FUV and NUV and SDSS $ugriz$, as well as any flag cuts in the SDSS sweep files¹. You are *not* allowed to use anything other than simple color and flag cuts, so do not apply extreme deconvolution or any advanced statistical algorithm that we have learned about recently in class.

Write code that **applies** the cuts you have found to classify which of a set of passed objects are quasars. Your code should include a function that takes, as a single input, a rec array that has the columns `RA` and `DEC`, and some combination of the SDSS sweeps `PSFFLUX`, `RESOLVE_STATUS`, `OBJC_TYPE`, `OBJC_FLAGS`, `OBJC_FLAGS2`, `FLAGS` and `FLAGS2` columns and the GALEX FUV and NUV columns. Your code should return a single array that contains a “1” for those indexes of the input structure that should be targeted as quasars and a “0” for those that should not. So, say that the input structure were to contain 9 rows. Then your output should be something like:

```
array([0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0])
```

Or, if the input structure were to contain 13 rows then your output might be something like:

```
array([1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0])
```

Make sure that your code includes a function that requires no additional input beyond a rec array with the stated 11 columns and that your code can handle such a rec array as an input without raising an error. If the input rec array that I pass to your code is called `objs`, then I should be able to call your code at the Python prompt as, e.g.:

```
>>> from your_code import splendid_function
>>> out_array = splendid_function(objs)
```

Also make sure that your code produces the requested array output. This should be returned as an output from a function and should *not* for example, just print “0s” or “1s” to screen. **If a function in your code cannot handle the specified rec array as an input and does not produce the specified output, then you may receive zero points for accuracy.**

¹essentially anything in the directories `/d/quasar2/dr8/301` and `/d/quasar2/galex-dr8/301`

This week's homework will be assessed objectively, except for commenting which will be assessed in the usual way. Moving forward, I will no longer be assessing the structure or compactness of your code. This week, accuracy will be worth a total of 30 points, and speed and commenting will be worth 10 points each. Accuracy and speed will be assessed according to benchmarks.

- Accuracy: I will apply your algorithm to a region of the sky I know of that has a high density of confirmed quasars, and I will determine your score out of 30 points using the following formula:

q = the total number of confirmed quasars you recover in this region per deg²

t = the total number of objects you target in this region per deg²

$$f = \frac{q}{t}$$

IF $f > 0.85$ THEN SET $f = 0.85$... IF $q > 4$ THEN SET $q = 4$

$$\text{Score} = 30 \times \frac{f}{0.85} \times \frac{q}{4}$$

In other words, if you correctly find more than 4 quasars per square degree and more than 85% of your overall targets are confirmed quasars, you receive 30 points. If you find fewer than 4 quasars per square degree and/or fewer than 85% of your overall targets are confirmed quasars, your score will be scaled down. For instance, if 77% of your overall targets turn out to be quasars and you find 3.5 quasars per sq. deg., your score would be $30 \times (0.77/0.85) \times (3.5/4) = 23.8$ out of 30 points.

- Speed: Speed will be assessed out of a total of 10 points using the following formula:

t = the total number of seconds your code takes to run

IF $t < 2$ THEN SET $t = 2$... IF $t > 12$ THEN SET $t = 12$

$$\text{Score} = 12 - t$$

Please include a timer at the very start and the very end of your code that prints out the total time that it takes your code to run.

- Commenting: Will be assessed as usual out of 10 points.